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## EMR

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## Types of Remote Sensing Images

- Based on recording of remote sensed data
- Photographic
- Digital
- Photographic RS - Restricted to Aerial RS
- Panchromatic
- Photographic Infrared
- Natural Colour
- Multispectral
- False Colour


## Photographic RS (Contd..)

- Multispectral
- Involves simultaneously obtaining images on the same scene at different wavelengths
- Four: Blue, Green, Red and NIR parts of EMR
- Multispectral imaging allows the examination of single band images
- Natural and False colour composites can be produced


## $\square$ False Colour

- True colour composite (TCC):

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## Color Composites - Data

andsat TM
Average Orbital Height: 700 km ( 440 Miles) Spatial Resolution: 30 m , except band 6 which is 90 m Records Data in 7 Wavelength Intervals (bands)

1. Visible Blue ( 0.45 to 0.52 microns)
2. Visible Green ( 0.52 to 0.60 microns)
3. Visible Red ( 0.63 to 0.69 microns)
4. Near Infrared ( 0.76 to 0.90 microns)
5.Mid Infrared ( 1.55 to 1.75 microns)
6.Thermal Infrared ( 10.4 to 12.5 microns)
7.Mid Infrared ( 2.08 to 2.35 microns)

Bands 1,2,3,4,5, and 7 record reflected energy
Band 6 records emitted thermal (heat) energy
Satellite Images of the Keweenaw Peninsula, USA


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## Satellite Orbits

" Geostationary \& Polar Orbiting Satellites

- Geostationary or Geosynchronous Satellites are used for communication \& meteorological purposes
- Satellite is stationary with respect to a point on equator
- Satellite must be geosynchronous i.e., orbital period should be 24 hrs.
- Placed in high altitude of $36,000 \mathrm{~km}$
- It must be on equatorial plane

Heavily inclined orbit - $180^{\circ}$

- Sense of direction must be the same as sense of rotation of earth on its axis i.e., West to East
- Can yield a large area coverage of $45 \%$ to $50 \%$ of the total globe (Foot Print)

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|  | Landsat $7(1999)-$ ETM + Sensor Characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
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| Band | Spectral range | Ground resolution |
| 1 | $0.450-0.515 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 30 m |
| 2 | $0.525-0.605 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 30 m |
| 3 | $0.630-0.690 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 30 m |
| 4 | $0.75-0.90 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 30 m |
| 5 | $1.55-1.75 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 30 m |
| 6 | $10.4-12.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 60 m |
| 7 | $2.09-2.35 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 30 m |
| Pan | $0.52-0.90 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 15 m |
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